

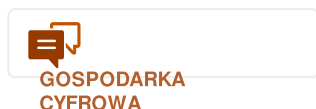
 Zawartość zarchiwizowana w dniu 2024-04-16

Algorithms and Complexity

Wyniki w skrócie

Software library for combinatorial and geometric algorithms

Many areas of applied computer science, such as discrete optimisation, traffic control and computer aided design (CAD) to name only a few, make extensive use of objects like graphs, trees, shortest paths and a number of combinatorial and/or geometrical structures. The current project, named LEDA, collects for the first time, in a C++ class library all data types and algorithms of combinatorial computing.



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Combinatorial and geometric computing are two of the core areas in computer science where extensive use of sequences, matchings, trees, points and flows is being used. The applications are quite diverse ranging from computer aided manufacturing (CAM) and computer aided design (CAD) to traffic control and resource scheduling. Whereas though in many other areas of applied computing like statistics and linear programming, software libraries exist, until now there was no

corresponding library for geometrical and combinatorial computing.

The aim of the current project that started of in the fall of 1988 is as its acronym suggests creating a Library of Efficient Data types and Algorithms in order to deal with objects such as trees, shortest paths, etc.

The LEDA project library is a versatile and easy to use library that can easily be used

by both non-experts and software specialists. It is a platform independent and extendible class library, implemented in C++ that can be used with all almost all C++ compilers. It provides with a sizeable collection of data types and algorithms in a form easily used by non-experts. The library offers iterations such as “for all nodes v of a graph do” allowing graph problem programs to look like typical textbook presentations. The library's platform independency allows it to run on different operating systems like Windows, Unix or Macintosh.

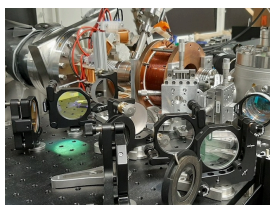
Publications about LEDA have appeared in various scientific journals since 1989 and the library was first distributed in 1990. Its industrial use started in 1994 and by now the library's user community has grown to a respectable size. A compiled version of the library with documentations is available under licence from Algorithmic Solutions Software at <http://www.mpi-sb.mpg.de/LEDA/gmbh.html> 

Znajdź inne artykuły w tej samej dziedzinie zastosowania



World's fastest 3D foot scanner paves way for footwear revolution

7 Grudnia 2017 



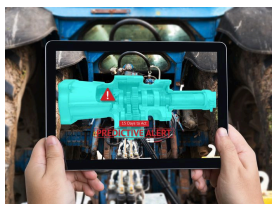
Ultrafast laser pulses shine a light on future computing

29 Stycznia 2021 



Reservoir computing for multitasking sensors

27 Marca 2019



An AI-powered platform for predictive maintenance solutions

25 Października 2021



Informacje na temat projektu

ALCOM

Identyfikator umowy o grant: 3075

Projekt został zamknięty

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27 Maja 1989

Data zakończenia

26 Marca 1992

Finansowanie w ramach

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Koszt całkowity

Brak danych

Wkład UE

Brak danych

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UNIVERSITEIT VAN UTRECHT



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