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Intelligent performance check of pv operation using satellite data (PVSAT-2)

Results in Brief

Footprint algorithm detects PV malfunctions

A valuable new algorithm developed by scientists in Germany enables early notification of photovoltaic operators when their system is malfunctioning and informs them regarding the source of the fault.

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The European Union aims to produce at least 20% of its power from renewable sources by the year 2020. In order for grid-connected photovoltaic (PV) installations to play their part, issues related to efficiency and reliability need to be resolved. To this end, the EESD Programme funded a number of relevant research projects.

One such project, entitled PVSAT-2, sought to provide performance analysis and error detection tools to PV operators by exploiting irradiance data collected by satellites. Fraunhofer Gesellschaft zur Foerderung der Angewandten Forschung e.V. a PVSAT-2 participant, contributed by developing software to improve error management.

Fraunhofer initially performed a statistical analysis of modelled versus actual PV yields. This helped establish probabilities for a number of common problems, such as shading. This information was then used to construct a footprint algorithm that

automatically detects and classifies different types of PV system malfunctions.

During the project, the footprint algorithm was integrated into the PVSAT-2 decision support system. The result was that PV operators receive immediate feedback regarding the existence of a malfunction as well as information regarding its likely cause. The hope of the PVSAT-2 consortium is that these tools will help PV operators reduce maintenance costs and system downtime while improving yields.

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Project Information

PVSAT-2

Grant agreement ID: ENK5-CT-2002-00631

Project closed

Start date
1 November 2002

End date
31 October 2005

Funded under
Programme for research, technological development and demonstration on "Energy, environment and sustainable development, 1998-2002"

Total cost
€ 1 295 244,00

EU contribution
€ 771 284,00

Coordinated by
CARL VON OSSIETZKY UNIVERSITAET OLDENBURG
Germany

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Last update: 27 April 2009

Permalink: https://cordis.europa.eu/article/id/84921-footprint-algorithm-detects-pv-malfunctions

European Union, 2025