

Web2Energy
The Intelligent Network of the Future.
Michael Probst, VP Channel Sales & Marketing EMEA



Smart Grids need a powerfull ICT solution





Web2Energy:

Novel ICT Solutions for Smart Distribution Networks





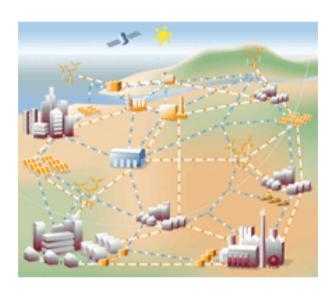
Web2Energy

- + Consortium of 10 Partners (DE, AT, CH, NL, PL)
 - + HSE (utility): Consortium leader
 - + Landis+Gyr: Smart Meter Solution Provider
- + Research project
 - +2,9 MEUR from the EU via the Seventh Framework Programme



Smart Grid needs a powerful ICT solution





<u>Germany</u>

+ peak load: 80 GW

+ weak load: 30 GW

+ strong growth of renewable generation mainly photovoltaic and wind power



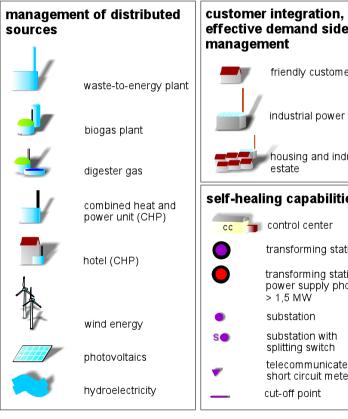
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- + <u>Variable Tariffs</u>: Offering variable tariffs. The consumer participates in the energy market and can help to decrease the peak load.
- + Smart energy management: A large number of small power producers, storage and controllable loads (industry) will be coordinated.
- + Smart terminal automation: Through automation and remote control it will be possible to remotely switch MV (medium voltage) terminals in case of disturbances with supply interruption within minutes for supply recovery. The former manual switching took 1 hour on average.



The HSE field test area and the ICT clients





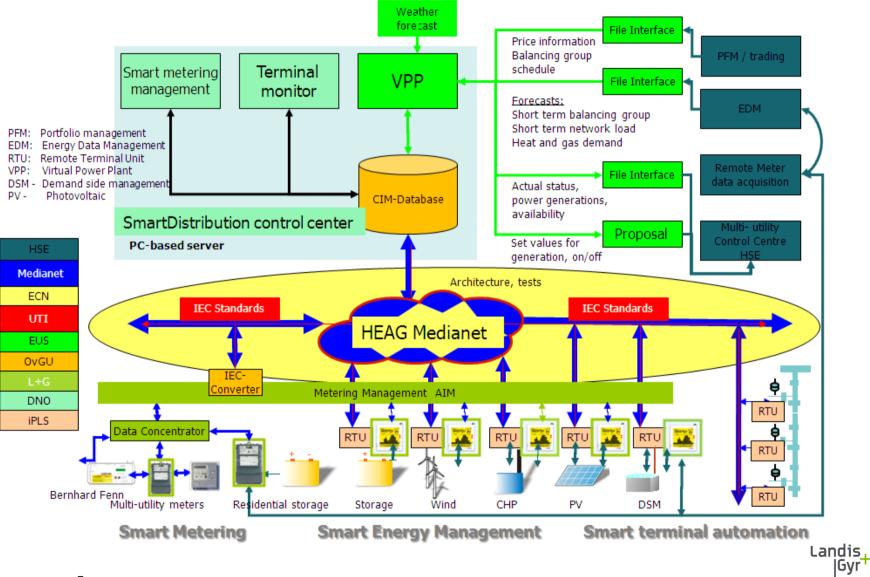




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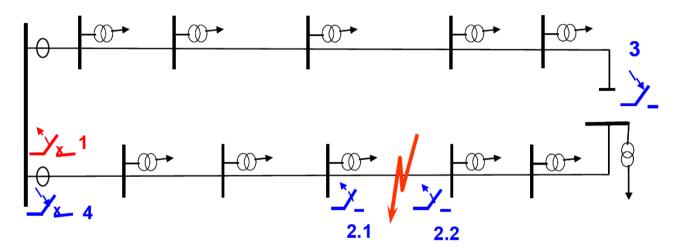
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The HSE field test area and the ICT clients



Smart terminal automation





Test area for Smart terminal automation

- +A 20kV loop at a 110/20kV substation was selected.
 - + All terminals will be obtained with RTUs and monitored regarding the short circuit indicators and the isolator switch status.
- + Expected benefits shall exceed:
 - + Reduction of energy not delivered in time: 75 %
 - + Shortening the average interruption time from currently 45 minutes to 20 minutes

Renewable energy generation









Renewables as part of W2E

Today, renewable energy generation is not scheduled based on economics.

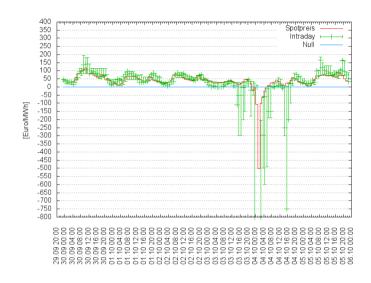
- + Renewables generate the maximum possible power independent of the current demand.
- + The price per kWh for renewable is fixed and usually much higher than the market price for energy.
- + Renewable energy units are not obliged to schedule their output. The TSO is responsible for managing fluctuations due to renewables.

A growing part of the energy production is fully independent of any market mechanisms.



Renewable energy generation

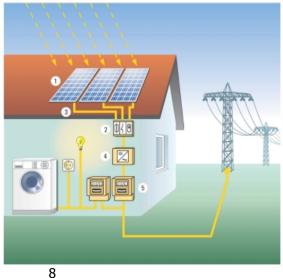






Negative price for energy

In April 2008 the German power exchange in Leipzig (EEX) introduced the concept of negative price for energy.





Impact on the DSO

Renewable energy generation not only impacts the TSO but also the DSO. Some renewables feed energy in the low and medium voltage network. In this case the DSO has to adapt their network management.



The Virtual Power Plants

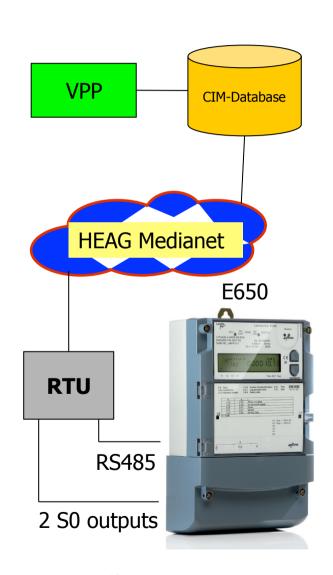


VPP component type and installed power (kW)

SP 85 20 78 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12		
gasturbine (1)	104.000	
biogas plants (1)	370	
combined heat and power (3)	6.000	
digester gas (3)	1.500	
storage (20)	100 }	controllable 391.970
controllable load	280.000	351.570
-W102	55.000	
-W18	172.000	
-W21	53.000	
windenergy (3)	9.000	intermittent
photovoltaics (17)	2.550	11.550
hydroelectric with 10.000 kW	_	

The Virtual Power Plants







The target

- + Connect individual energy producers to virtual power plants.
- + For the project, the meters for the virtual power plant are parallel to the meter for billing purposes

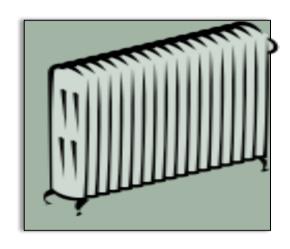
The E650 ICG meter

- + The Landis+Gyr ICG meter E650 will be connected to an RTU.
 - + The RS485 is used to transmit register values
 - + The S0 output is used to transmit energy proportional pulses in short time frames.
- + The RTU utilizes IEC 61850
 - + One main subject is to enhance IEC 61850 for Smart Grid / Smart meter applications



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Controllable Loads in the Smart Grid





Controllable load (consumer)

- + Most of the controllable load in the project is thermal storage heating.
- + The load is switched on and off via ripple receivers.







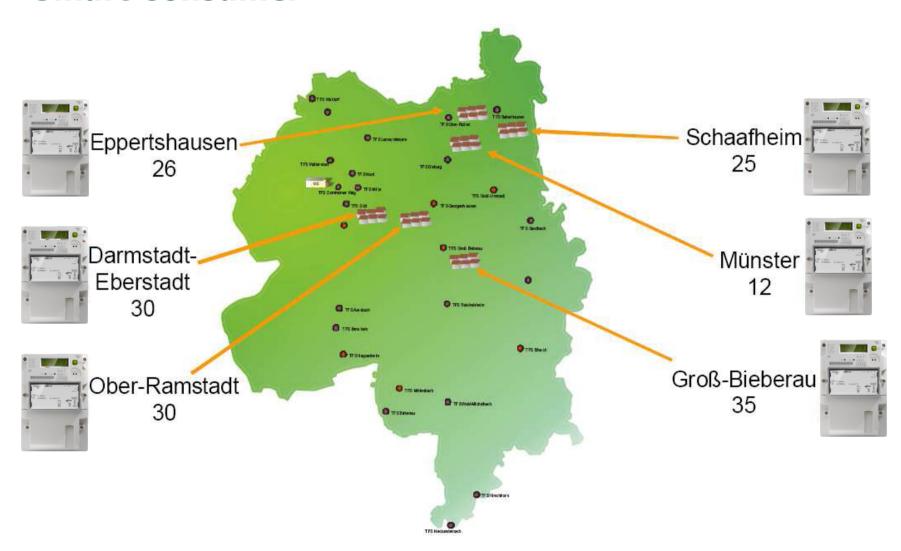
Utilized Infrastructure

- + The project utilizes the existing infrastructure of ripple receivers, meters and thermal storage heating devices.
- + Minimizing CAPEX in the field



Web2Energy **Smart Consumer**

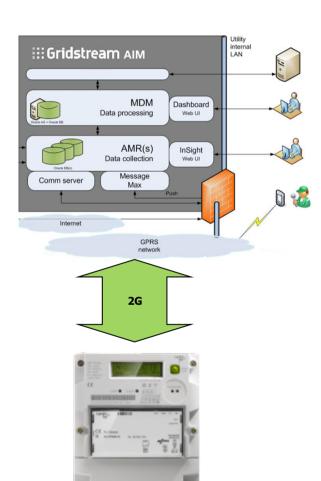






E350 plus Gridstream AIM





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The target

+ The project Web2Energy investigates the willingness of the people for energy saving and load shifting due to better information on cost and demand. A user-friendly Webportal will be used.

The E350 with GSM/GPRS

+ The project utilizes the E350 with GSM/GPRS communication due to its future-proved modular concept.

Gridstream aim

+ The project utilizes the existing Gridstream aim system. The system is unique because one can download tariff schedules.



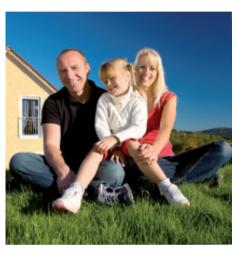
E350 & E35C



AMM-System

Flexible Tariffs: A view of Landis+Gyr

Flexible tariffs need an integral approach





	Fixed	Time Variable	Price Variable	Time & Price Variable
Time Frame	static	dynamic	static	dynamic
Price	static	static	dynamic	dynamic
Example	T1/T2	tariff bleu		



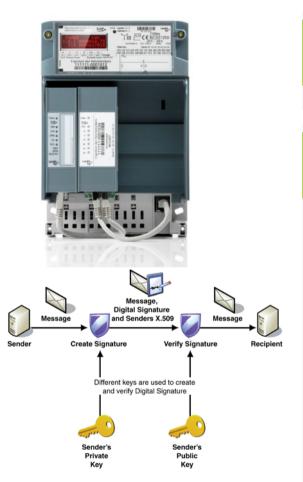
- + <u>Usability for billing purpose</u> taking into account the German law for meter certification, consumer protection as well as the capabilities of the IT and communication infrastructure including cost for equipment and process
- + Consumer-friendly because end users shall control their energy consumption. Need for appropriate information systems with sufficient "early warning" (What is the cost for electricity in 3 hours?)



$SyM^2 - E750$

Revolutionary tariffing scheme

Tariffing like in the telecommunication industry





Tariffing outside the MID seal

Data signature using a private and public key enables the tariffing outside the certification seal.



Total Cost of Ownership

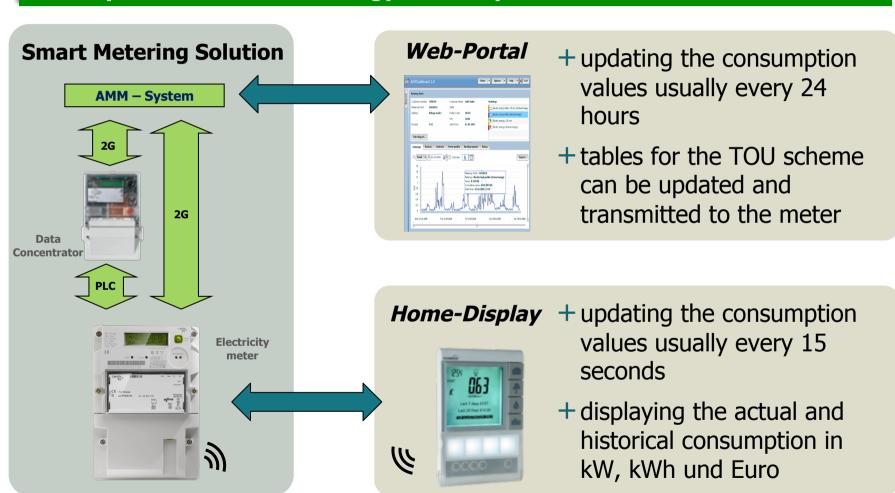
- + future prove of investment
 - + flexible for new tariff schemes
 - + "Smart Grid" ready
- + improved customer royalty due to flexibility on tariff schemes
- + lower certification cost
 - + no need to certificate the multiple tariffs
 - + no need to certificate the load profile
 - + no need to certificate the pulse output
 - + the time for certification can be reduced from 7,5 to approx. 2 hours, resulting in **25** € lower cost.





AMM-System: A view of Landis+Gyr **Utilized Customer Information Systems**

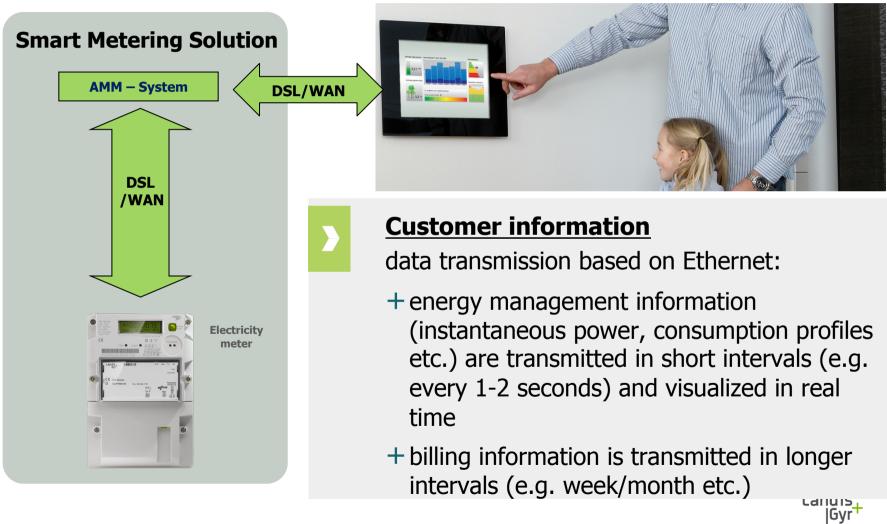
AMM-Systems with CIS for energy efficiency





AMM-System: A view of Landis+Gyr **Broadband Customer Information Systems**

AMM-Systems with innovative Customer Information Systems

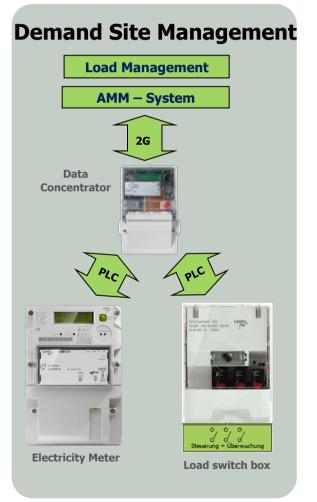




AMM-Systeme: A view of landis+Gyr

An innovative road to Demand Site Management

AMM-Systems and Demand Site Management





Conventional Load Ripple Control

+ proven technology for load management and DSM and tariff switching



Load Management of the 3rd Generation

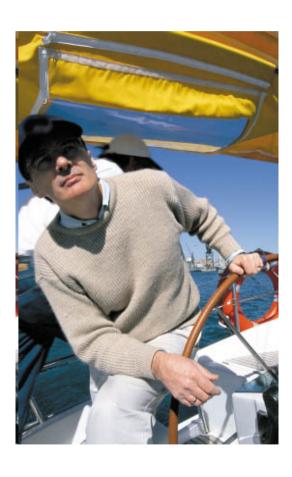
- + Smart Load Switch Box enabling dynamic load management utilizing the two-way communication of Smart Meters (PLC)
- + Relays for direct load control e.g. 16A, 25A or 40A
- + Status information is transmitted from the field into the central station
- + Hybrid load switch boxes are able to receive PLC as well as ripple receiver signals



Summary

From Smart Metering to the Smart Grid Meter

Summary



- **Web-2-Energy**: Landis+Gyr participates in one of the most advanced Smart Grid / Smart Metering projects in Germany. The project incorporates the consumer into the Smart Grid.
- **Web-2-Energy**: The project combines smart energy management with load control due to price signals (indirect load control) as well as direct load control (ripple receivers)
- **Smart Grid**: The smart grid needs a new approach for tariffing and customer interactions utilizing customer information systems.
- **Smart Grid:** The smart grid needs innovative and cost effective load management based on price signals (from the energy provider) as well as direct control (from then DSO).





Imanage energy better

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