OpEneR

Optimal Energy Consumption and Recovery based on system network

Deliverable 1.6 | Awareness and wider societal implications

Version	0.2
Dissemination	CO
Project Coordination	RB
Due Date	30.06.2014
Version Date	01.07.2014

7th Framework Programme
GC.ICT.2011.6-8 PPP GC: ICT for fully electric vehicles
Architectures for Energy, Communication and Thermal Management
Grant Agreement No. 285526
STREP – Small or medium-scale focused research project

www.fp7-opener.eu

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Version control

Version	Author	Date	Description
0.1	Kosmas Knödler	10.06.2014	Initial version
0.2	Kosmas Knödler	01.07.2014	Final version

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A General Information *(completed automatically when **Grant Agreement number** is entered.*

Grant Agreement Number:	285526
Title of Project:	**OpEneR - Op**timal **Ene**rgy consumption and **R**ecovery based on a system network
Name and Title of Coordinator:	Dr. Kosmas Knödler

B Ethics

1. Did you have ethicists or others with specific experience of ethical issues involved in the project?	○ ⊙	**Yes** **No**
2. Please indicate whether your project involved any of the following issues (tick box) :	***YES***	
INFORMED CONSENT		
• Did the project involve children?		No
• Did the project involve patients or persons not able to give consent?		No
• Did the project involve adult healthy volunteers?		No
• Did the project involve Human Genetic Material?		No
• Did the project involve Human biological samples?		No
• Did the project involve Human data collection?		No
RESEARCH ON HUMAN EMBRYO/FOETUS		
• Did the project involve Human Embryos?		No
• Did the project involve Human Foetal Tissue / Cells?		No
• Did the project involve Human Embryonic Stem Cells?		No
PRIVACY		
• Did the project involve processing of genetic information or personal data (eg. health, sexual lifestyle, ethnicity, political opinion, religious or philosophical conviction)		No
• Did the project involve tracking the location or observation of people?		No
RESEARCH ON ANIMALS		
• Did the project involve research on animals?		No
• Were those animals transgenic small laboratory animals?		No
• Were those animals transgenic farm animals?		No
• Were those animals cloning farm animals?		No
• Were those animals non-human primates?		No
RESEARCH INVOLVING DEVELOPING COUNTRIES		
• Use of local resources (genetic, animal, plant etc)		No
• Benefit to local community (capacity building i.e. access to healthcare, education etc)		No
DUAL USE		
• Research having potential military / terrorist application		No

C Workforce Statistics

3 Workforce statistics for the project: Please indicate in the table below the number of people who worked on the project (on a headcount basis).

Type of Position	Number of Women	Number of Men
Scientific Coordinator	0	RB:1
Work package leader	CTAG: 1	RB: 1

		PSA: 1 AVL: 1
Experienced researcher (i.e. PhD holders)	CTAG: 4	RB: 7 PSA: 3 RBCM: 3 AVL: 4 CTAG: 8 FZI: 4
PhD Students	0	FZI: 1
Other	0	0

4 How many additional researchers (in companies and universities) were recruited specifically for this project?	
Of which, indicate the number of men:	0/0
Of which, indicate the number of women:	0/0

D Gender Aspects

5 **Did you carry out specific Gender Equality Actions under the project** ?

○ Yes
⊙ No

6 **Which of the following actions did you carry out and how effective were they?**

		Not at all effective				Very effective
❑	Design and implement an equal opportunity policy	○	○	○	○	○
❑	Set targets to achieve a gender balance in the workforce	○	○	○	○	○
❑	Organise conferences and workshops on gender	○	○	○	○	○
❑	Actions to improve work-life balance	○	○	○	○	○
⊙	Other:	Two public workshops (no significant effective w.r.t. gender aspects)				

7 **Was there a gender dimension associated with the research content – i.e. wherever people were the focus of the research as, for example, consumers, users, patients or in trials, was the issue of gender considered and addressed?**

○ Yes- please specify

⊙ No

E Synergies with Science Education

8 **Did your project involve working with students and/or school pupils (e.g. open days, participation in science festivals and events, prizes/competitions or joint projects)?**

○ Yes- please specify

⊙ No

9 **Did the project generate any science education material (e.g. kits, websites, explanatory booklets, DVDs)?**

○ Yes- please specify

⊙ No

F Interdisciplinarity

10 **Which disciplines (see list below) are involved in your project?**

⊙ Main discipline[1]: 2.2

⊙ Associated discipline1: 1.1/ 1.2 / 2.2 / 2.3 / 5.1 | ○ | Associated discipline1:

G Engaging with Civil society and policy makers

11a **Did your project engage with societal actors beyond the research community?** *(if 'No', go to Question 14)*

○ Yes
⊙ No

11b **If yes, did you engage with citizens (citizens' panels / juries) or organised civil society (NGOs, patients' groups etc.)?**

○ No

○ Yes- in determining what research should be performed

[1] Insert number from list below (Frascati Manual)

- ○ Yes - in implementing the research
- ○ Yes, in communicating /disseminating / using the results of the project

11c In doing so, did your project involve actors whose role is mainly to organise the dialogue with citizens and organised civil society (e.g. professional mediator; communication company, science museums)?	○ ○	Yes No

12 Did you engage with government / public bodies or policy makers (including international organisations)

- ○ No
- ○ Yes- in framing the research agenda
- ○ Yes - in implementing the research agenda
- ⊙ Yes, in communicating /disseminating / using the results of the project

13a Will the project generate outputs (expertise or scientific advice) which could be used by policy makers?

- ○ Yes – as a **primary** objective (please indicate areas below- multiple answers possible)
- ⊙ Yes – as a **secondary** objective (please indicate areas below - multiple answer possible)
- ○ No

13b If Yes, in which fields?

Agriculture		Energy		Human rights	
Audiovisual and Media		Enlargement		Information Society	
Budget		Enterprise		Institutional affairs	
Competition		Environment		Internal Market	
Consumers		External Relations		Justice, freedom and security	
Culture		External Trade		Public Health	
Customs		Fisheries and Maritime Affairs		Regional Policy	
Development Economic and Monetary Affairs		Food Safety		Research and Innovation	
		Foreign and Security Policy		Space	
Education, Training, Youth		Fraud		Taxation	
Employment and Social Affairs		Humanitarian aid		**Transport**	

13c If Yes, at which level?

- ○ Local / regional levels
- ○ National level
- ⊙ European level
- ⊙ International level

H Use and dissemination

14 How many Articles were published/accepted for publication in peer-reviewed journals?	**16**
To how many of these is open access[2] provided?	**0**
How many of these are published in open access journals?	**0**
How many of these are published in open repositories?	**0**
To how many of these is open access not provided?	**16**
Please check all applicable reasons for not providing open access:	
☑ publisher's licensing agreement would not permit publishing in a repository ❑ no suitable repository available ❑ no suitable open access journal available ❑ no funds available to publish in an open access journal ❑ lack of time and resources ❑ lack of information on open access ❑ other: ……	

15 How many new patent applications ('priority filings') have been made? *("Technologically unique": multiple applications for the same invention in different jurisdictions should be counted as just one application of grant).*		**RB: 3** **AVL: 3**
16 Indicate how many of the following Intellectual Property Rights were applied for (give number in each box).	Trademark	**0**
	Registered design	**0**
	Other	**0**
17 How many spin-off companies were created / are planned as a direct result of the project?		**0**
Indicate the approximate number of additional jobs in these companies:		

18 Please indicate whether your project has a potential impact on employment, in comparison with the situation before your project:

❑	Increase in employment, or	❑	In small & medium-sized enterprises
❑	Safeguard employment, or	❑	In large companies
❑	Decrease in employment,	☑	None of the above / not relevant to the project
❑	Difficult to estimate / not possible to quantify	❑	

19 For your project partnership please estimate the employment effect resulting directly from your participation in Full Time Equivalent (*FTE = one person working fulltime for a year*) jobs:	*Indicate figure:*
Difficult to estimate or not possible to quantify	☑

[2] Open Access is defined as free of charge access for anyone via the internet.

I Media and Communication to the general public

20 As part of the project, were any of the beneficiaries professionals in communication or media relations?

○ Yes ⊙ No

21 As part of the project, have any beneficiaries received professional media / communication training / advice to improve communication with the general public?

○ Yes ⊙ No

22 Which of the following have been used to communicate information about your project to the general public, or have resulted from your project?

☑	Press Release	☑	Coverage in specialist press
❑	Media briefing	❑	Coverage in general (non-specialist) press
☑	TV coverage / report	❑	Coverage in national press
❑	Radio coverage / report	☑	Coverage in international press
☑	Brochures /posters / flyers	☑	Website for the general public / internet
☑	DVD /Film /Multimedia	☑	Event targeting general public (festival, conference, exhibition, science café)

23 In which languages are the information products for the general public produced?

❑	Language of the coordinator	☑	English
❑	Other language(s)		

***Question F-10*:** Classification of Scientific Disciplines according to the Frascati Manual 2002 (Proposed Standard Practice for Surveys on Research and Experimental Development, OECD 2002):

FIELDS OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

1. NATURAL SCIENCES

1.1 Mathematics and computer sciences [mathematics and other allied fields: computer sciences and other allied subjects (software development only; hardware development should be classified in the engineering fields)]

1.2 Physical sciences (astronomy and space sciences, physics and other allied subjects)

1.3 Chemical sciences (chemistry, other allied subjects)

1.4 Earth and related environmental sciences (geology, geophysics, mineralogy, physical geography and other geosciences, meteorology and other atmospheric sciences including climatic research, oceanography, vulcanology, palaeoecology, other allied sciences)

1.5 Biological sciences (biology, botany, bacteriology, microbiology, zoology, entomology, genetics, biochemistry, biophysics, other allied sciences, excluding clinical and veterinary sciences)

2 ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

2.1 Civil engineering (architecture engineering, building science and engineering, construction engineering, municipal and structural engineering and other allied subjects)

2.2 Electrical engineering, electronics [electrical engineering, electronics, communication engineering and systems, computer engineering (hardware only) and other allied subjects]

2.3. Other engineering sciences (such as chemical, aeronautical and space, mechanical, metallurgical and materials engineering, and their specialised subdivisions; forest products; applied sciences such as geodesy, industrial chemistry, etc.; the science and technology of food production; specialised technologies of interdisciplinary fields, e.g. systems analysis, metallurgy, mining, textile technology and other applied subjects)

3. MEDICAL SCIENCES

3.1 Basic medicine (anatomy, cytology, physiology, genetics, pharmacy, pharmacology, toxicology, immunology and immunohaematology, clinical chemistry, clinical microbiology, pathology)
3.2 Clinical medicine (anaesthesiology, paediatrics, obstetrics and gynaecology, internal medicine, surgery, dentistry, neurology, psychiatry, radiology, therapeutics, otorhinolaryngology, ophthalmology)
3.3 Health sciences (public health services, social medicine, hygiene, nursing, epidemiology)

4. AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES
4.1 Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and allied sciences (agronomy, animal husbandry, fisheries, forestry, horticulture, other allied subjects)
4.2 Veterinary medicine

5. SOCIAL SCIENCES
5.1 Psychology
5.2 Economics
5.3 Educational sciences (education and training and other allied subjects)
5.4 Other social sciences [anthropology (social and cultural) and ethnology, demography, geography (human, economic and social), town and country planning, management, law, linguistics, political sciences, sociology, organisation and methods, miscellaneous social sciences and interdisciplinary , methodological and historical S1T activities relating to subjects in this group. Physical anthropology, physical geography and psychophysiology should normally be classified with the natural sciences].

6. HUMANITIES
6.1 History (history, prehistory and history, together with auxiliary historical disciplines such as archaeology, numismatics, palaeography, genealogy, etc.)
6.2 Languages and literature (ancient and modern)
6.3 Other humanities [philosophy (including the history of science and technology) arts, history of art, art criticism, painting, sculpture, musicology, dramatic art excluding artistic "research" of any kind, religion, theology, other fields and subjects pertaining to the humanities, methodological, historical and other S1T activities relating to the subjects in this group] .