The Chernobyl Tissue Bank

Grant Agreement Number: 211712

Final Report - Figures, Tables and Annex

CTB Logo



Web site: http://www.chernobyltissuebank.com/

Figure 1: Thyroid cancer Average Number of New Cases per Year and Age-Specific Incidence Rates, UK, 2006-2008. Data available from http://info.cancerresearchuk.org/cancerstats/types/thyroid/incidence/#age

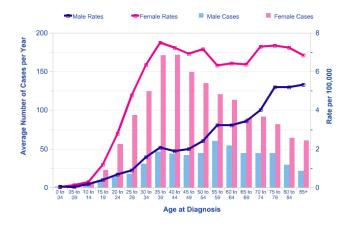


Fig. 2 CTB Governance and Management structure

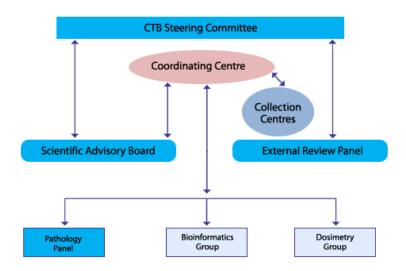


Table 1. CTB Consortium partners

Institution	Abbreviated name	Role	Workpackage lead
Imperial College,	ICL	Coordinating Centre	6,7,10
London, UK			
Institute of Endocrinology	IEM		
and Metabolism, Kiev,		Patient recruitment,	
Ukraine		tissue collection,	1,2,3,4,5
Medical Radiological	MRRC	processing and storage	
Research centre,			
Obninsk, Russia			
Helmholtz Zentrum	HMGU	Dosimetry	8
Munich, Germany		-	
Silesian University of	SUT	Data warehouse	9
technology, Gliwice,			
Poland			

Table 2. Annual Recruitment

	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12
IEM	197	212	226	288
MRRC RAMS	111	108	100	139

Figure 3. Effect of length of time in storage on RIN

DNA and RNA are aliquotted into standard aliquots and stored at -80°C until required for a research project. Studies at the Coordinating Centre have demonstrated that tissue kept at -80°C for up to 10 years does not show any significant degradation in terms of RNA Integrity Number (RIN) or in terms of mRNA expression (Maenhaut C et al., personal communication). Quality assurance of FFPE material also shows that CTB cases are of similar quality to those obtained from NHS hospitals in the UK and is suitable for aCGH.

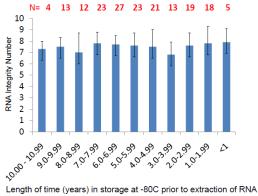


Fig 4. Schematic diagram of the CTB Data Warehouse

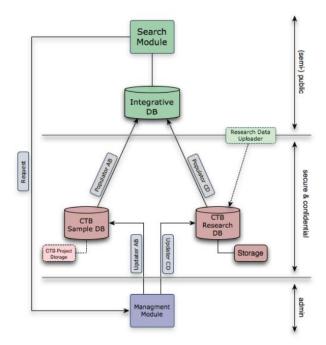


Fig 5. Samples Database - Patient data screen

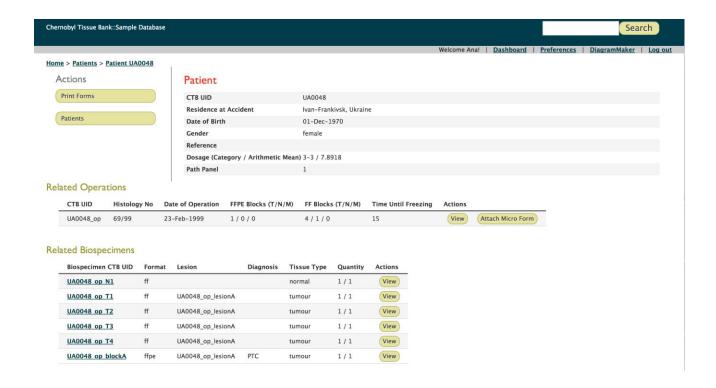


Fig 6. Samples Database - Information about the operation, including the diagram of the thyroid showing areas from which samples have been taken.

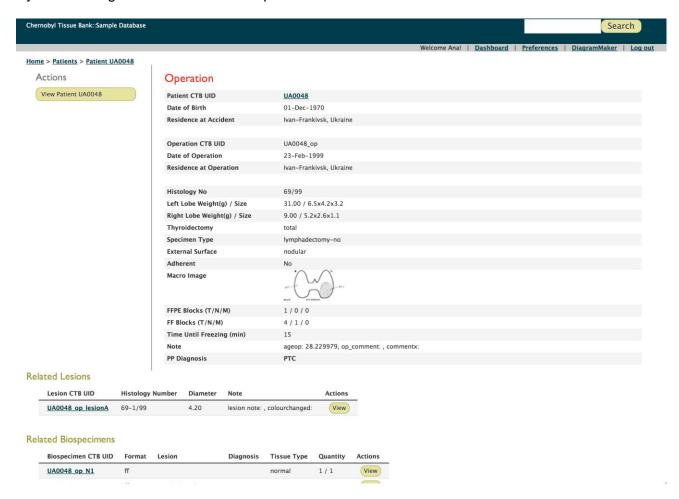


Fig 7. Representative screen shots of the CTB portal

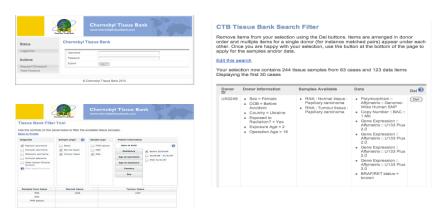


Table 3. Samples distributed to date

No. of projects receiving samples	FFPE sections	RNA (aliquots)	DNA (aliquots)	DNA from blood
21		2428		
10			1627	
3				441
10	6756			

N.B. Some projects receive samples of more than one type e.g. aliquots of DNA and of RNA from tissue

Table 4. Projects approved for access to the resources of the CTB (2008-2012)

Project Reference No.	Principal Investigator	Title
001/2008	Professor GA Thomas	Genrisk-T – defining the risk of low dose radiation for thyroid cancer – the role of germline SNPs
002/2008	Professor B Jarzab	Expression profiling of childhood follicular tumours: a comparison of those exposed and not exposed to radiation. Defining the genetic component of thyroid cancer risk at low doses.
003/2008	Professor H Zitzelsberger	Array CGH analysis of follicular post-Chernobyl thyroid tumours
001/2009	Professor B Jarzab	Expression profiling of childhood papillary cancer: a comparison of those exposed and not exposed to radiation. Defining the genetic component of thyroid cancer risk at low doses – request for RNA aliquots for QPCR validation and for the exon arrays
002/2009	Professor JA Fagin	Identification of somatically acquired rearrangements in post-Chernobyl paediatric thyroid cancers using genome-wide massively parallel paired-end sequencing
003/2009	Professor GA Thomas	miRNA profiles in childhood thyroid cancer
001/2011	Dr K Unger	EpiRadBio
002/2011	Dr C Ory	Molecular specificities of radiation-induced thyroid tumors
003/2011	Dr K Unger	EpiRadBio - Validation of radiation-associated gain of chromosome band 7q11
004/2011	Dr L Hawthorn	A Sequence-based Approach to Identify Genetic Determinants of Tumorigenesis in Radiation-Induced Pediatric Papillary Thyroid Carcinomas

001/2012	Dr W van Wieringen	EpiRadBio
002/2012	Professor B Jarzab	Validation of the gene signature differentiating exposed from non-exposed PTCs obtained in the Genrisk-T project (no. 036495) with an independent QPCR method
004/2012	Prof GA Thomas	DNA methylation patterns and radiation induced papillary carcinoma
008/2012	Dr S Chanock	Pilot study of genomic characterisation of thyroid cancers in the UkrAm cohort

Table 5. Project meetings held in the reporting period

Committee/working group	Meeting date	Venue
Dosimetry Working Group	24 th June 2008	Kiev
Pathology Panel	21 st -23 rd January 2009	London
Scientific Advisory Board	23 rd March 2009	London
Steering Committee	24 th March 2009	London
Dosimetry Working Group	17 th June 2009	Kiev
Pathology Panel	1 st -3 rd February 2010	London
Scientific Advisory Board	18 th October 2010	London
Steering Committee	19 th October 2010	London
Dosimetry Working Group	17 th December 2010	Munich
Pathology Panel	2 nd -4 th February 2011	London
Dosimetry Working Group	5 th -6 th September 2011	Kiev
Scientific Advisory Board	10 th November 2011	London
Steering Committee	10 th November 2011	London
Scientific Advisory Board	10 th November 2011	London
Pathology Panel	18 th -20 th April 2012	London
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Annex 1



Chernobyl Tissue Bank Symposium 9th November 2011 NCRI Conference 2011, Liverpool, UK 13:30-16:45

PROGRAMME

13:30-13:35	Welcome and Introduction	Prof. GA Thomas (CTB Director, Imperial College, London)
13:35-13:50	Comparative pathological analysis of papillary thyroid carcinoma in age-matched groups of patients born before and after Chernobyl.	Prof. T Bogdanova (IEM, Kiev, Ukraine)
13:50-14:05	The CTB in Russia	Prof A Abrosimov (MRRC, Obninsk, Russia)
14:05- 14:20	Comparison of dose & lifespan studies c.f. Fukushima	Dr Andre Bouville (NCI, USA)
14:20 - 16:05	Reports on CTB approved research projects: miRNA profiles mirroring molecular and morphological phenotypes of post-Chernobyl PTCs from young patients The Genrisk-T Consortium Defining the genetic component of thyroid cancer risk at low doses	Dr K Unger (Helmholtz Centre, Munich, Germany)
	Introduction and overview	Professor GA Thomas (Imperial College, London)
	RNA expression analysis	Professor C Maenhaut (University of Brussels, Belgium)
	Genomic copy number alterations in thyroid cancer	Professor H Zitzelsberger (Helmholtz Centre, Munich, Germany)
•	Dose dependent gene expression changes in Chernobyl thyroid cancers and corresponding normal tissues	Dr M Abend (Helmholtz Centre, Munich, Germany)
•	Genetic alterations in post Chernobyl thyroid cancers	Dr V Saenko (University of Nagasaki, Japan)
•	RET/PTC in thyroid cancer	Prof. M Santoro (University of Naples, Italy)
16:05 – 16:20	The CTB Portal and Data Warehouse	Chris Tomlinson & Mark Woodbridge

Demonstration

(BICC, Imperial College, London)

16:20 – 16:35	Integrated analysis to identify radiation specific pathways
16:35 – 16:45	Questions & answers about the CTB
16:45	Close of Symposium

Prof. W van Wieringen (Department of Mathematics, VU University, Amsterdam)